

phone: 408.986.9838

email: sales@acphotonics.com website: www.acphotonics.com

16 Channel Coarse Wavelength Division Multiplexer



ACP's Coarse Wavelength Division Multiplexer (CWDM) utilizes thin film coating technology and proprietary design of non-flux metal bonding micro optics packaging. It provides low insertion loss, high channel isolation, wide pass band, low temperature sensitivity and epoxy free optical path .

All AC Photonics' products are Telcordia qualification tested.

Key Features

- Low Insertion Loss
- Wide Pass Band
- High Channel Isolation
- High Stability and Reliability
- Epoxy Free Optical Path

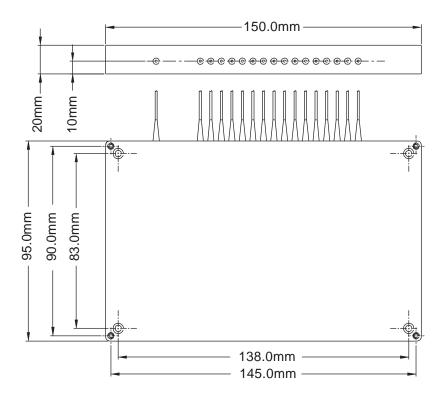
Applications

- Line Monitoring
- WDM Network
- Telecommunication
- Cellular Application
- Fiber Optical Amplifier
- Access Network

Performance Specifications

Parameter		Specifications				
		Mux	Demux			
Operating Wavelength		1310nm,1330nm,1350nm,1370nm,1390nm,1410nm,1430nm,1450nm,				
		1470nm,1490nm,1510nm,1530nm,1550nm,1570nm,1590nm,1610nm				
Center Wavelength Accuracy		± 0.5nm				
Channel Spacing		20GHz				
Channel Passband (@-0.5dB bandwidth)		≥ 13nm				
Insertion Loss		≤ 3.5dB	≤ 3.5dB			
Channel Uniformity		≤ 1.0dB	≤ 1.0dB			
Channel Ripple		≤ 0.5dB	≤ 0.5dB			
Isolation @Add/Drop Channel	Adjacent	N/A	≥ 30dB			
	Non-adjacent	N/A	≥ 40dB			
Insertion Loss Temperature Sensitivity		≤ 0.003dB/°C				
Wavelength Temperature Shifting		≤ 0.002nm/°C				
Polarization Dependent Loss		≤ 0.10dB				
Polarization Mode Dispersion		≤ 0.10ps				
Directivity		≥ 50dB				
Return Loss		≥ 45dB				
Optical Power		≤ 300mW				
Operating Temperature		0 to +70°C				
Storage Temperature		-40 to +85°C				
Package Dimensions		L150nm x W95nm x H20nm				

Mechanical Dimensions



Ordering Information

CWDM							
	Channel Spacing	Number of Channel	Configuration	1st Channel	Pigtail Style	Fiber Length	In/Out Connector
	C = CWDM Grid	16 = 16 Channel	M = Mux D = Demux	310 = 1310nm 330 = 1330nm 570 = 1570nm	1 = Bare Fiber 2 = 900um Jacket 3 = 3mm Cable 4 = 2mm Cable	1 = 1.0m 2 = 2.0m	0 = None 1 = FC/APC 2 = FC/PC 3 = SC/APC 4 = SC/PC 5 = ST 6 = LC/UPC 7 = LC/APC